## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

**B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – PHYSICS** 

THIRD SEMESTER – November 2009

## **PH 3500 - OPTICS**

Date & Time: 16/11/2009 / 1:00 - 4:00 Dept. No.

<u> PART – A</u>

Answer ALL questions. All questions carry equal marks.  $(10 \times 2 = 2)$ 

1. Write down translation and refraction matrix.

- 2. What is curvature of the field?
- 3. Green light of wavelength 5100  $\mathring{A}$  from a narrow slit is incident on a double slit. If the overall separation of 10 fringes on a screen 200 cm away is 2 cm. Find the slit separation.
- 4. How optical planeness of a glass plate is tested?
- 5. Define Dispersive power.
- 6. Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction.
- 7. State Brewster's law.
- 8. A quarterwave plate of thickness 14.7 x 10<sup>-6</sup> m produces ordinary and extra ordinary ray. Find the wavelength of light used ( $\mu_0 = 1.53$  and  $\mu_{\rho} = 1.54$ ).
- 9. What is optical pumping?
- 10. Explain Stimulated Raman Scattering.

## <u> PART – B</u>

Answer any FOUR questions.

- **11. Describe the Construction and working of a Ramsden eyepiece.**
- 12. Describe Fresnel's biprism. Explain how the wavelength of light can be determined with its help.
- 13. Explain Rayleigh criteria for resolution and determine the resolving power of prism.
- 14. Describe the construction and use of a half-shade polarimeter to measure the specific rotatory power.
- 15. Define Einstein's Coefficients and derive an expression connecting them.

(4 x 7.5 = 30 marks)

(10 x 2 = 20 marks)

Max.: 100 Marks

## PART – C

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 16. Explain Chromatic aberration in lenses. How can it be eliminated?
- 17. Describe Newton's rings experiment and explain how it is used to determine the wavelength and refractive index of a liquid.
- 18. a) Discuss Fraunhoffer diffraction pattern due to single slit. (9 marks)
  - b) Calculate the minimum thickness of the base of a prism which will just resolve  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  lines of sodium. The refractive index of glass is 1.6545 for

 $\lambda$  = 6563  $\stackrel{\circ}{A}$  and 1.6635 for  $\lambda$  = 5270  $\stackrel{\circ}{A}$  (wavelength of D<sub>1</sub> and D<sub>2</sub> lines are

5890  $\stackrel{\circ}{A}$  and 5896  $\stackrel{\circ}{A}$  respectively). (3.5 marks)

- 19. Describe how, with the help of a Nicol prism and a quarter waveplate, plane polarized light, circularly polarized light and elliptically polarized light are produced and detected.
- 20. With a neat sketch, describe the construction, principle and working of Ruby laser.

(4 x 12.5 = 50 marks)